

Northborough School - Long Term Plan - Year 2



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	Autumn	Autumn Term		Spring Term		ner Term	
Curriculum Project	Special Buildings	Festivals of Light	Here We Are	Rio De Vida	Living Things and Their Habitats		
Memorable experience	Visit to the local Church/ Synagogue/ Mosque	Christmas Production	Assembly presentation	Carnival Day	Hamerton Zoo		
English- Spoken Language	*maintain attention and partici *use spoken language to develo *speak audibly and fluently wit *participate in discussions, pres *gain, maintain and monitor the	nd their understanding and k d their vocabulary arguments and opinions ons, explanations and narrative pate actively in collaborative op understanding through spe h an increasing command of sentations, performances, rol e interest of the listener(s) at viewpoints, attending to an	ves for different purposes, including conversations, staying on topic and eculating, hypothesising, imagining Standard English e play, improvisations and debates and building on the contributions of o	o comments			
Reading Core Schemes and principles: Good quality texts Scholastic comprehension Power of Reading Inference training Lighthouse reading	Retelling To discuss sequence of events in books and how items of information are related. To be introduced to non- fiction books that are structured in different ways.	Literal Questioning To ask and answer questions.	Prediction To recognise simple recurring literary languages in stories and poetry.	Inference To make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done. To predict what might happen. To explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other materials.	Clarification To check that the text makes sense to them as they are read and correcting inaccurate reading. To discuss word meanings, linking new meanings to known vocabulary.	Evaluation and Review Review of all skills covered in the preceding terms	
 Book talk Literacy Circle Fluency- to bridge word reading and comprehension PEEL reports 	Word Reading * Continue to apply phonic and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent. *Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes. *Read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above. *Read words containing common suffixes. *Read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word. *Read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered. *Read aloud books matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation. *Re-read these books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.						
Lighthouse book	'The Most Magnificent Mosque' by Shelley Fowles and Ann Jungman	'The Owl Who is Afraid of the Dark' by Jill Tomlinson	'Here We Are' by Oliver Jeffers	The Great Kapok Tree: by Lynne Cherry.	'Fantastic Mr Fox' by Roald Dahl	'Harry the Poisonous Centipede' by Lynne Reid Banks	

e in the same	Non-fiction	Non-fiction	Non-fiction	Fiction	Non-fiction
English – writing	Recount of place of worship	Fact file- Religious	Instructions for building a snow	Myths and legends	Recount of trip- diary
Core Schemes and principles:	visit	festivals/ Bonfire Night	cave	from Brazil	
Life experienceTalk for writingWriting for a clear	Non-chronological report -A guide to(place of worship)				Report about zoo animals - tri fold
 Writing for a clear purpose and audience Scholastic comprehension 	Biography- John Dunlop, Charles Macintosh or John McAdam (linked to science)				
 Power of Reading Inference training PEEL reports 	Narrative 'Night of the Gargoyles' by Eve Bunting- Description, diary entry, newspaper report 'The Most Magnificent Mosque' by Ann Jungman and Shelley Fowles	Narrative The Gunpowder Plot, Diwali, Hanukah, The Christmas Story- retell from different points of view	Narrative Next chapter of 'Ice Palace' by Robert Swindells (linked to Computing) 'There was a Coyote who Swallowed a Flea' by Jennifer Ward- make comparisons with 'There was an Old Lady who Swallowed a Fly'	Non-fiction Recount- write a postcard from Rio	Narrative 'Tin Forest' - by Helen Ward Extended story (dream) Character description - the old man Letter in character from the old man Wish - prediction
	<u>Poetry</u> Places of worship acrostic poems	<u>Poetry</u> Shape fire work poems	Poetry Read winter poems collection and act out	<u>Poetry</u> Free Verse poems	<u>Poetry</u> Animal haiku poems What am I? riddles
Spelling	Recap alternative spelling for phonemes e.g. ay ai a-e ea Suffixes –ed –inger Common exception words Dictation		Suffixes y – i /double letter protection /drop e if ends with e Contractions High frequency words Dictation		Suffixesful – ness – ment – ly – less Homophones /near homophones Possessive apostrophe High frequency words Dictation
Handwriting Core Schemes and principles: Nelson		al and horizontal strokes nee of the correct size, orientation	eded to join letters and understand won and relationship to one another ar	•	t to one another, are best left unjoined.
Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation Core Schemes and principles: • Scholastic Grammar and Punctuation	*Learn how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly, including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular). *Learn how to use: - sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command - expanded noun phrases to describe and specify - the present and past tenses correctly and consistently use the progressive form - subordination (when, if, that, or, because) and co-ordination (or, but, and) -some features of written Standard English *Learn, use and understand the grammatical terminology in English in discussing their reading and writing.				

Maths

Number: Place value *Count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0, and in 10s from any number, forward and backward.

*Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number.

*Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. *Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <.> and = signs.

*Read and write numbers up to at least 100 in numerals and words.

*Use place value and number facts to solve problems.

Number: Addition and subtraction *Solve problems with addition and subtraction: -Using concrete objects and pictorial representations -Applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods *Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20

fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100. *Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations and mentally including: -a two-digit number and 1s -a two-digit number and 10s

-adding 3 one-digit numbers *Show that addition of 2 numbers can be done in any order and subtraction of one number from another

cannot.

-2 digit numbers

*Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.

Measurement: Money

*Recognise and use the symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p). *Combine amounts to

make a particular value. *Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money.

*Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change.

Number: Multiplication and Division

*Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2.5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers. *Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using multiplication, division and equals signs. *Show that multiplication of 2 numbers can be done in any order and division of 1 number by another cannot. *Solve problems using

multiplication and division.

Statistics

pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and tables. *Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity. *Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical

Geometry: Properties of shapes

*Identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line. *Identify and describe the properties of 3D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and *Identify 2D shapes on the surface

of 3D shapes. *Compare and sort common 2D and 3D shapes and everyday

objects.

*Interpret and construct simple *Recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, 14, 2/4 and 34 of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. *Write simple fractions and recognise the equivalence of 2/4 and 1/2

Measurement: Length

and Height *Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers.

*Compare and order lengths and record results.

Number: Fractions Position and Direction

*Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and in sequences. *Use mathematical language to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight

line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise). Problem Solving and

Measurement: Time *Compare and sequence

efficient methods

intervals of time. * Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/ to the hour and draw the hands on the clock to show these times.

*Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a

Measurement: Mass, Capacity and Temperature *Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure mass (kg/g); temperature; capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.

*Compare and order mass, volume/capacity and record the results.

Investigations

Science	Ask simple questions and recog Observe closely, using simple er Perform simple tests. Identify and classify. Use their observations and idea Gather and record data to help Materi Recap Year 1	quipment. Is to answer questions. In answering questions. Ials	ered in different ways. Plants Recap Year 1 objectives- plant	ss/ trees in local area		nans/ Living Things and Their abitats
	Working Scientifically	spotter task	спарсет:	iegenusj	Animated animals	Holly Class's favourite animals
		Complete computer	Ebook – Ice palace the next chapter!	Brazilian myths and legends)	moving simultaneously.	chart/ line chart.
		helps us.		animal (link to	with multiple objects	*Interpret a pictogram/ bar
		different technology	the text and theme.	and build a robot	*Create an animation	the data.
	Internet research	*Understand how	*Add voice recordings to match	Blocks coding – design	create an animation.	chart/ line chart suitable fo
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	in school.	to match the theme/text.		and move objects to	*Create a bar chart/ pie
	Create a safety poster	*Spot digital technology	*Add images on different pages	code using Scratch JR.	*Copy/clone a frame	titles and numbers.
	other online technologies.	instructions.	*Add text on different pages.	learn to program and	objects to a frame.	*Edit a table with correct
	other online technologies.	store and follow	theme.	instructions. They will	*Add a background and	data to each column.
	have concerns about content or contact on the internet or	computer *Understand computers	author, colour and image. *Add multiple pages based on a	following precise and unambiguous	creating an animation. They will:	and collect it as a tally. * Label a pictogram and ac
	help and support when they	makes a computer a	* Add a book cover with title,	programs execute by	digital content by	* Understand what data is
	where to go for	* Understand what	Book. They will:	devices; and that	manipulate and retrieve	handling. They will:
	They will be able to identify	school. They will:	content by creating a Digital	as programs on digital	organise, store,	digital content through da
	personal information private.	technology beyond	manipulate and retrieve digital	they are implemented	purposefully to create,	manipulate and retrieve
vww. ilearn2.co.uk	respectfully, keeping	of information	create, organise, store,	algorithms are; how	use technology	create, organise, store,
ore scheme:	technology safely and	recognise common uses	technology purposefully to	understand what	Children will learn to	technology purposefully t
Computing	<u>E-Safety</u> Children will learn to use	Recognise uses of IT Children will learn to	EBook Creation Children will learn to use	Develop Programming Children will	Introduction to Animation	Introduce Data Handling Children will learn to use

everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses

Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.

mature plants.

Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.

Introduce the children to the processes of reproduction in plants- seed dispersal.

*Compare plants in hot and cold countries

alive.

Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults.

Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air).

Describe the importance of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food and hygiene for humans (linked to last terms DT, this terms PSHE and PE).

Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other.

Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including microhabitats.

Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.

History	Significant individuals To know about the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements (John Dunlop, Charles Macintosh or John McAdam).	Significant events To know about events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally (events commemorated through festivals and anniversaries). Significant individuals To know about the lives of significant individuals in	Discrete Significant events To know about events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally (Great Fire of London)- linked to PE.	Discrete Significant events To know about events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally (events commemorated through festivals).	Discrete <u>Significant individuals</u> To know about the lives of significant individuals (David Attenborough).
	past have been constructed. *Identify similarities and differen *Use a wide vocabulary of everyor *Understand the chronology of a *Ask perceptive questions, think *Answer questions using a variety	ces between ways of life in difficially historical terms, including cobove events critically, weigh evidence, sift a position of historical sources	erent periods. ommon words and phrases relating to t rguments, and develop perspective and	ime. judgement.	and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the
Geography Location knowledge Place knowledge Human and physical geography Geographical skills and fieldwork	Discrete Human and Physical Geography Identify human features in the local and surrounding areas e.g. Church, Mosque, Synagogue	Place Knowledge To identify the countries where the stories associated with different festivals of light are set e.g., The Gunpowder Plot, Diwali, Hanukah, The Christmas Story	Location Knowledge To be able to name and locate the world's 7 continents and 5 oceans. Human and Physical Geography To be able to locate hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles. Geographical Skills and Fieldwork To use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the continents and oceans studied at this key stage.	Place Knowledge To understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country (Brazil). Geographical Skills and Fieldwork To be able to use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language to describe the location of features and routes on a map.	Discrete Location Knowledge/ Geographical Skills and Fieldwork Identifying the countries where different types of animals live and their key human and physical characteristics.

Geographical skills and fieldwork

- *Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage.
- *Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language (e.g. near and far; left and right) to describe the location of features and routes on a map
- *Use simple locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.
- *Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.

	Bt.	D. Carlos	D	Datation.	Class
Art and Design	<u>Drawing</u>	Printing	Painting	Painting Committee Indicates	Clay
	Sketch buildings from	Firework/ bonfire	Mixing colours- hot/ cold	Carnival paintings	Clay owls (flat)
Core Schemes and principles:	experience.	pictures	Mix a variety of colours and	inspired by Li Smith	Build a textured relief tile.
 Northborough Primary 	Record and explore ideas	Print using a variety of	know which primary colours		bullu a textureu relier tile.
School Progression of	from first hand observation,	materials and objects	make secondary colours.		Painting
Art Skils	experience and imagination.	and techniques.	make secondary colours.		Collaborative Rousseau (Tiger in a Tropical Storm, Little
	-		Use a developed colour		Greene Jungle)
	Develop techniques in using	Clay	vocabulary.		J ,
	colour, pattern, texture, line,	Make Diva lamps (3D)	-		Work collaboratively with others, on projects in 2
	shape, form and space.				dimensions and on different scales.
		Manipulate clay for a	<u>Printing</u>		
	Frottage (printing)	variety of purposes, inc.	Angie Lewin – winter prints		Shell paintings inspired by Georgia O'Keefe
	Take a rubbing from an	thumb pots and models			
	uneven surface to form the		Print using a variety of		Experiment with different effects and textures.
	basis of work of art		techniques.		
	(gargoyles).				
	Print using a variety of				
	materials and objects .and				
	techniques				
	teemiques				
	Layer different media, e.g.				
	crayons, pastels, felt tips,				
	charcoal and ballpoint.				
Design Technology	Technical Knowledge	Cooking and Nutrition	Cooking and Nutrition	Cooking and Nutrition	Cooking and Nutrition
2 congri i contrology	Make models of places of	Make festival food.	Understand where food comes	Make traditional	Healthy eating
	worship.		from (linked to Georgaphy).	brigadeiros.	(linked to science and PSHE)
	To be 11.1 at a constant	To be able to cut		T. b bl	To diller
	To build structures,	ingredients safely		To be able to cut	<u>Textiles</u> Owl cushions
	exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and	and hygienically.		ingredients safely and hygienically.	OWICUSTIONS
	more stable.	To be able to assemble		and Hygiericany.	Join textiles using running stitch.
	more stable.	or cook ingredients.		To be able to assemble	John textiles doing running street.
	*Look at gargoyles on			or cook ingredients.	Colour and decorate textiles using a number of
	medieval churches.				techniques.
					Technical knowledge - Levers and sliders and
					<u>Joining materials</u>
					Disassemble, plan, make and evaluate jungle animals
					with moving parts
	Design, Make and Evaluate (ong	going)			

	Unit 1 Ourselves – exploring	Unit 3 - Our land -	Unit 5 - Animals – pitch	Unit 7 - Story time –	Unit 9 -Weather –	Unit 11 - Water - pitch
Music	sounds	exploring sounds	The children link animal	exploring sounds	exploring sounds	The children sing and play a
Core Scheme:	The children discover ways to	The children explore	movement with pitch movement	The children are	The children have	variety of pitch shapes, using
	use their voices to describe	timbre and texture as	to help develop understanding	introduced to famous	opportunities to create	movement and ready from
Music Express	feelings and moods. They	they explore descriptive	and recognition of changing	pieces to stimulate	descriptive sounds and	scores. They create a class
	create and notate vocal	sounds. They listen to,	pitch. They interpret pitch line	composition. The	word rhythms with raps	composition which describes
	sounds, building to a	and perform, music	notation using voices and tuned	children interpret a	and songs about	the sounds and creatures of
	performance.	inspired by myths.	instruments.	storyboard with sound	weather. They create a	a pond.
	periormance.	inspired by myths.	ilisti ulilelits.	effects, and develop	descriptive class	а ропи.
	<u>Unit 2 - Toys - beat</u>	Unit 4 - Our bodies –	<u>Unit 6 - Number – beat</u>	their own ideas using	composition using	Unit 12 - Travel -
	The children move and play	beat	The children explore steady beat	voices and percussion.	voices and instruments.	performance
	to a steady beat and to	The children develop a	and rhythm patterns. They play	voices and percussion.	voices and instruments.	The children learn a
	sound sequences. They learn	sense of steady beat	beats and patterns from	Unit 8 - Seasons -	Unit 10 -Pattern – beat	Tanzanian game song and
	to control changing tempo as	through using their own	Renaissance Italy to West Africa	pitch	Using simple notations,	accompany a travelling song
	they take a scooter ride.	bodies. They respond to	and create their own body	The children develop	the children play, create	using voices and
	they take a scooter ride.	music and play rhythm	percussion, voices and	understanding of pitch	and combine minibeast	instruments. They listen to
		patterns on body	instruments.	through movement,	rhythms using body	an orchestral piece and
		percussion and	ilisti ulilelits.	songs and listening	percussion and	improvise their own
		instruments.		games. They become	instruments	descriptive 'theme park'
		instruments.		familiar with pitch	instruments	music.
				shapes and perform		music.
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
				them in a variety of		
				musical arrangements.		
	Rights, Rules and	My emotions MMR5	Working together Cit 3 WT12	Sex & relationship	Managing risk	Healthy lifestyle
PSHE	Responsibilities	Anti bullying MMR7 AB12	Financial capacity	education	HSL4 MR12	HSL7 HL12
	Cit 5 RR12	And bullying wilvin/ AB12	EW1 FC12	HSL10 SR2	Safety contexts	HISE/ HEIZ
Cambs Scheme	CIC 5 KK12		LWITC12	Drug edn	HSL55C12	
Citizenship				HSL 8 DE12	113233612	
Myself and my relationships				1132 8 5212		
Helathy and safer life styles						
Economic well being						
Economic well being						
P.E	Gymnastics – points of	Gymnastics – Ball wall	Dance - Great Fire of London	Dance – Magical	Games - Fundamentals	Games - Fundamentals
P.C	contact	and tall -sequences	Unit 1	Friendships	Multi-skills	Multi-skills
Core scheme: Cambridgeshire	Unit 1	Unit 2		Unit 2	Unit 1	Unit 2
Scheme of Work						
Scheme of Work	Master basic movements incl	uding jumping, as well as	Perform dances using simple i	movement patterns.	Master basic movement	s including running, throwing
	develop balance, agility	and co-ordination.			and catching and begin	to apply these in a range of
	Apply these basic movement	es in a range of activities			ac	tivities.
	Apply these basic movement	is in a range of activities.				
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
MFL	14,7.	14/71	14,7.	1471	14/71	14//
				•	•	

R.E Core scheme: The Peterborough Agreed Syllabus for Religious Education	Where do other people worship? (Christianity, Judaism and Islam)	Why do we remember? Who celebrates Festivals of light? BBC stories Story of the Macabees Sing Hannukah songs. Play dreidel.Sammy. Other faiths/Different cultures. Why do we celebrate Christmas? CHRISTMAS	What did Jesus say which was important? (Lord's prayer and 2 commandments) Why celebrate Harvest? BBC stories Guru Nanak	Personal unit - Jesus. Add Prodigal son story. Why did Jesus die? Why do we celebrate Easter? EASTER	Which writings are special to people of faith? Different scripts	Festivals Could do Tu b Shevat.
SMCS	Places of V	Vorship	Local community - v	rillage study	Different scripts	- dual language books
SMSC is included in everyday lessons. In addition, opportunities are given to learn, achieve and understand the	Helping others- collection for	the Food Bank at Harvest	Stories from around	d the world		
values that underpin British Values.	Annual Rememb	rance service	Easter Church s	service		
	Annual Christmas	church service				
	Festivals of light- di	fferent cultures				